**sAttendance Tracker**



Software Design Document

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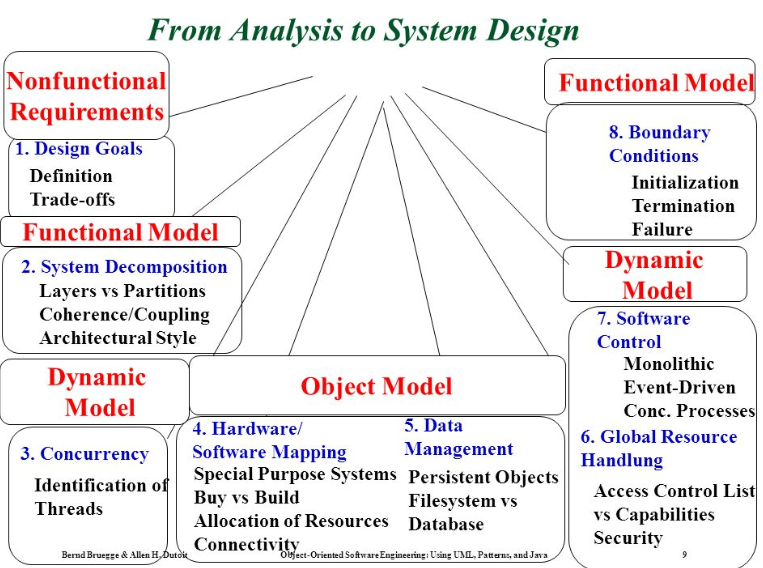
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| 1.2.Design Goal | (Korhan) | 3.4. Persistent Data Management | (DBER)(Mertali) |
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SYSTEM DESIGN DOCUMENT[Error: Reference source not found]

The System Design Document (SDD) is written after the initial system decomposition is done, and updated throughout the development. SDD describes the services provided by each subsystem. Although this section is usually empty or incomplete in the first versions of the SDD, this section serves as a reference for teams for the boundaries between their subsystems. The interface of each subsystem is derived from this section and detailed in the Object Design Document.

SDD is used to define interfaces between teams of developers and serve as a reference when architecture-level decisions need to be revisited. The audience for the SDD includes the project management, the system architects (i.e., the developers who participate in the system design), and the developers who design and implement each subsystem.

# Introduction

Provide a brief overview of the software architecture and the design goals. It also provides references to other documents and traceability information (e.g., related requirements analysis document, references to existing systems, constraints impacting the software architecture).

## Purpose of the System

Aim of the system is to make attendance track simple, quick and trackable by the student as well. It will be simple learn for instructor because it has many options that are used in today’s pen-paper method with extensions of being in digital like getting whole data at a click of finger in the of semesters. Also, it will be quicker than writing every name in the class or checking every student on class. It will be a mobile application, so it will be easier than table using system. In addition, students will be able to track their attendance so that they will be able to know their status about attendance.

## Design Goals

* **Response Time:**

User's requests or actions must be acknowledged fast and put in to action as quick as possible, because one of "AWSHEET's main goal is to save time from user's daily university life.

* **Robustness:**

Because of the usage field of our app, AWSHEET needs some serious amount of input from users for certain functions. Users can give invalid input and AWSHEET must avoid this by giving enough information to user and also having such input fields so that the input errors that can be caused by the users are minimized.

* **Reliability:**

System has to continue operations that user requests without errors. Reliability of the system should be high and the data taken from user should be retained securely.

* **Security:**

AWSHEET must retain the important data that belongs to user successfully. Otherwise this may cause real life problems that affect Instructors and Courses in a bad way. This must be avoided so authentication system should work perfectly and the password or personal information of users must be encoded.

* **Portability:**

In future stages of AWSHEET it can be easily applied to IOS platform too, this will increase the number of our potential clients.

* **Extensibility:**

In future stages of AWSHEET new functions can be added with requests and feedbacks from users. While our first priority isn't social activities, system can support any function that involve Instructors Assistants and Students in a university.

* **Usability:**

Functions that are supported in AWSHEET are mostly actions that needed to be done by our users in real life. So they won't feel strange using the app and the learning process will be real quick. Also since one of our main goals is to make these everyday actions simpler and quicker our users won't feel stressed and confused while using AWSHEET.

## Definitions, Acronyms, and Abbreviations

AW Sheet: Attendance Watch Sheet

## References

There isn't an exact existing system for us to replace. But used system that resembles what AWSHEET provides for user is Course Online. Course Online's purpose and functions is a lot bigger in range. It provides all the university communication among Instructors, Assistants and Students. Courses are taken from that system; homework and project assignments are given and submitted from that system etc. Because it covers a large area of functions usability of it decreases thus making it not easy to use. Or we can say in other words, not a smooth experience. AWSHEET contains some of the same functions as Course Online but one of AWSHEET's purposes is to make things easier and quicker for the users.

# Current Software Architecture

The current similar system has two main architectural styles which are modal/view/controller and client/server. MVC is the first one and its is used widely on websites like current system. It can make dynamic views for the same modal by using controller or by directly accessing it. Second style the current system uses is client/server which also widely used style where users uses client to request any services. The current uses HTTPS type of this style.

# Proposed Software Architecture

Documents the system design model of the new system.

## Overview

Present a bird’s-eye view of the software architecture and briefly describes the assignment of functionality to each subsystem.

## System Decomposition

Describe the decomposition into **subsystems and the responsibilities** of each. **This is the main product of system design.**

## Hardware Software Mapping

Describe how subsystems are assigned to hardware and off-the-shelf components. It also lists the issues introduced by multiple nodes and software reuse.

## Persistent Data Management

Describe the persistent data stored by the system and the data management infrastructure required for it. This section typically includes the description of **data schemes, the selection of a database, and the description of the encapsulation of the database**.

## Access Control and Security

Describe the user model of the system in terms of an access matrix. This section also describes security issues, such as the selection of an authentication mechanism, the use of encryption, and the management of keys.

## Global Software Control

Describe how the global software control is implemented. In particular, this section should describe how requests are initiated and how subsystems synchronize. This section should list and address synchronization and concurrency issues.

## Boundary Conditions

Describe the start-up, shutdown, and error behavior of the system. (If new use cases are discovered for system administration, these should be included in the requirements analysis document, not in this section.)

# Subsystem Services

Describe the **services provided by each subsystem**. Although this section is usually empty or incomplete in the first versions of the SDD, this section serves as a reference for teams for the boundaries between their subsystems. The interface of each subsystem is derived from this section and detailed in the Object Design Document.

# References

1. “Itslearning App.” *Itslearning - Global*, itslearning.com/us/itslearning-app/.